





## 29. November, 18.00-20.00 Uhr Seminar für Südasienstudien Institut für Asien- und Afrikawissenschaften Invalidenstr. 118, Raum 217

Through strategic, political and economic engagements, Prime Minister Narendra Modi has been enhancing the Indo-Gulf relations and making the Persian Gulf a key component in India's growth story. Moving away from the traditional transactional approach, India is forging closer strategic partnership with key Gulf countries, especially Saudi Arabia and the UAE. While not prepared to interfere in the internal and intra-regional tensions and differences he is trying to maximize India's gains through his economy-development centric approach. At the same time, the third party interference would pose severe challenge to India's ability to manage its relations with Iran and its Arab neighbours.

**P.R. Kumaraswamy** is a Professor at the School of International Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University (JNU) New Delhi. Since joining JNU in September 1999, he has been supervising, researching, teaching and writing on various aspects of the contemporary Middle East. His works include *Squaring the Circle: Mahatma Gandhi and the Jewish National Home* (2018), *India's Israel Policy* (Columbia University Press, 2010) and *Historical Dictionary of the Arab-Israeli Conflict* (Scarecrow, 2015). In 2010 he set up the Middle East Institute, New Delhi (www.mei.org.in) and serves as its Honorary Director.